

SPECIAL RELEASE

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS IN CABUSAO (Results of the 2015 Census of Population)

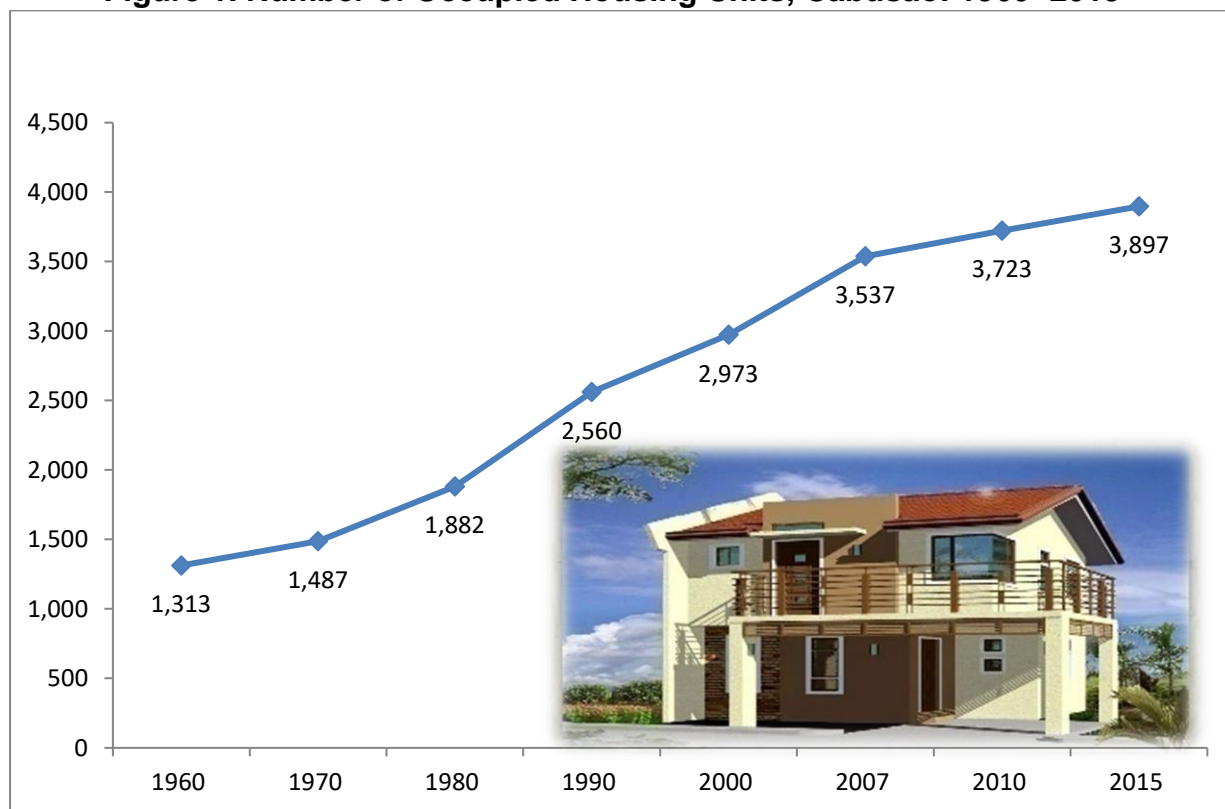
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Occupied housing units in Cabusao reaches 3,897 in 2015

The number of occupied housing units in Cabusao reached 3,897 in 2015, higher by 174 housing units compared with that in 2010. In 1960, there were only 1,313 housing units recorded. The number of housing units went up to 1,487 in 1970, 1,882 in 1980, 2,560 in 1990, 2,973 in 2000, 3,537 in 2007, 3,723 in 2010, and 3,897 in 2015. The number of housing units in Cabusao increased by 2,584 from 1960 to 2015.

Figure 1. Number of Occupied Housing Units, Cabusao: 1960- 2015



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

There are 100 households per 100 occupied housing units in Cabusao

A total of 3,897 occupied housing units and 3,902 households were recorded in 2015. These translate to a ratio of 100 households for every 100 occupied housing units, with an average of 4.72 persons per occupied housing unit. In 2010, there were 100 households per 100 occupied housing units and an average of 4.80 persons per occupied housing unit. While in 2000, there were 101 households per 100 occupied housing units and 5.44 persons per housing unit.

Table 1. Number of Occupied Housing Units, Number of Households, Household Population, and Ratio of Households and Household Population to Occupied Housing Units, Cabusao: 2000- 2015

Censal Year	Occupied Housing Units	Number of Households	Household Population	Ratio of Households to Occupied Housing Units	Ratio of Household Population to Occupied Housing Units
2015	3,897	3,902	18,374	1.00	4.72
2010	3,723	3,750	17,989	1.00	4.80
2000	2,973	2,999	16,180	1.01	5.44

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Majority of the occupied housing units are single houses

In 2015, single houses made up 91.53 percent of the total occupied housing units in Cabusao. About 7.29 percent of the total occupied housing units were of duplex type while 1.10 percent were multi- unit residential buildings/houses. In 2010, single houses accounted for 94.09 percent of the total occupied housing units, 5.05 percent were duplex, and 0.19 percent were multi- unit residential buildings/houses.



Table 2. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Type of Building/House, Cabusao: 2010-2015





Type of Building/ House	Censal Year	
	2010	2015
Total	3,723	3,897
Single house	3,503	3,567
Duplex	188	284
Multi-unit residential	7	43
Commercial/industrial/agricultural	17	2
Institutional living quarter	1	-
Others	-	-
Not Reported	7	1

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

More occupied housing units with outer walls made of strong materials in 2015

There were more occupied housing units with outer walls made of concrete/brick/stone in 2015 than in 2010. In 2015, 39.41 percent of the total occupied housing units had outer walls made of concrete/brick/stone. This was higher than the proportion of occupied housing units with outer walls made of concrete/brick/stone recorded in 2010 (37.01%). Similarly, the proportion of occupied housing units with outer walls made of half concrete/brick/stone and half wood increased from 10.69 percent in 2010 to 14.06 percent in 2015. The proportion of occupied housing units with outer walls made of wood, also increased from 7.71 percent in 2010 to 9.67 percent in 2015.

Table 3. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Construction Materials of the Outer Wall, Cabusao: 2010-2015

	Construction Materials of the Outer Wall	Censal Year	
		2010	2015
	Total	3,723	3,897
	Concrete/brick/stone	1,378	1,536
	Wood	287	377
	Half concrete/brick/stone and half wood	398	548
	Galvanized iron/ aluminum	27	41
	Bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa	1,507	1,347
	Asbestos	-	-
	Glass	-	1
	Makeshift/salvaged/improvised materials	28	29
	Trapal	-	6
	Others	82	1
	No walls	3	-
	Not Reported	13	11

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Occupied housing units with roofs made of strong materials decrease in 2015

The proportion of occupied housing units with roofs made of galvanized iron/aluminum decreased in 2015. While more than 54.86 percent of the occupied housing units in 2015 had roofs made of galvanized iron/aluminum, this is lower than the proportion of 57.40 percent recorded in 2010. The proportion of occupied housing units with roofs made of bamboo/cogon/nipa/anahaw increased from 35.43 percent in 2010 to 38.54 percent in 2015.



Table 4. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Construction Materials of the Roof, Cabusao: 2010-2015

Construction Materials of the Roof	Censal Year	
	2010	2015
Total	3,723	3,897
Galvanized iron/aluminum	2,137	2,138
Tile/concrete/clay tile	15	23
Half galvanized iron and half concrete	107	223
Wood	5	-
Bamboo/cogon/ nipa/anahaw	1,319	1,502
Asbestos	-	-
Makeshift/ salvaged/ improvised materials	6	10
Trapal	-	-
Others	134	1
Not Reported	-	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Most households live in housing units they owned or with owner-like possession of house and lot

Of the 3,902 households in Cabusao in 2015, 36.03 percent lived in a housing unit they owned or with owner-like possession of house and lot. Moreover, 50.36 percent of the households lived in their own housing unit and occupied lot for free but with consent of the owner. In addition, 6.97 percent of the total households lived in rent-free house and lot with consent of owner.

Table 5. Number of Households by Tenure Status of the Housing Unit, Cabusao: 2015

Tenure Status of the Housing Unit	Number of Household	%
Total	3,902	100.00
Own or owner like possession of house and lot	1,406	36.03
Rent house/room including lot	56	1.44
Own house rent lot	163	4.18
Own house rent-free lot with consent of owner	1,965	50.36
Own house rent-free lot without consent of owner	27	0.69
Rent-free house and lot with consent of owner	272	6.97
Rent-free house and lot without consent of owner	13	0.33
Not Applicable	-	-
Not Reported	-	-

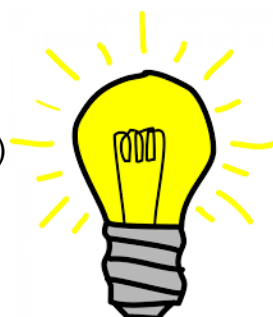
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Most of the households in Cabusao use electricity as fuel for lighting

Majority (88.95%) of the households in Cabusao in 2015 used electricity as fuel for lighting, while kerosene (gaas) ranked second with 421 households using kerosene (gaas) as their source of fuel for lighting in 2015. Meanwhile, 0.26 percent of the total households in Cabusao used either LPG, oil, solar panel, solar lamp or other source as their fuel for lighting.

Table 6. Number of Households by Kind of Fuel for Lighting, Cabusao: 2015

Kind of Fuel for Lighting	Number of Households	%
Total	3,902	100.00
Electricity	3,471	88.95
Kerosene (Gaas)	421	10.79
Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG)	1	0.03
Oil (vegetable animal and others)	-	-
Solar panel	2	0.05
Solar lamp	2	0.05
Others	4	0.10
None	1	0.03
Not Reported	-	-



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Shared faucet community water system is the main source of water supply for drinking in Cabusao

Shared faucet community water system was listed as the main source of water supply for drinking in Cabusao in 2015. Of the 3,902 households, 1,301 households drew water supply for drinking in their shared faucet community water system while about 1,022 households drew water supply for drinking from peddler. Own faucet community water system was listed as the third main source of water supply for drinking for 815 households.

Table 7. Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Drinking, Cabusao: 2015

Main Source of Water Supply for Drinking	Number of Households	%
Total	3,902	100.00
Own use faucet community water system	815	20.89
Shared faucet community water system	1,301	33.34
Own use tubed/piped deep well	159	4.07
Shared tubed/piped deep well	450	11.53
Tubed/piped shallow well	-	-
Dug well	10	0.26
Protected spring	-	-
Unprotected spring	7	0.18
Lake, river, rain and others	3	0.08
Peddler	1,022	26.19
Bottled water	133	3.41
Others	2	0.05
Not Reported	-	-



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

1,308 households in Cabusao reported shared faucet community water system as the main source of water supply for cooking

Shared faucet community water system was reported as the main source of water supply for cooking in Cabusao in 2015. Around 1,308 households used their shared faucet community water system as the main source of water supply for cooking. Peddler ranked second as the main source of water supply for cooking while own use faucet community water system ranked third.

Table 8. Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Cooking, Cabusao: 2015

Main Source of Water Supply for Cooking	Number of Households	%
Total	3,902	100.00
Own use faucet community water system	863	22.12
Shared faucet community water system	1,308	33.52
Own use tubed/piped deep well	185	4.74
Shared tubed/piped deep well	468	11.99
Tubed/piped shallow well	1	0.03
Dug well	42	1.08
Protected spring	2	0.05
Unprotected spring	7	0.18
Lake river rain and others	3	0.08
Peddler	1,019	26.11
Bottled water	3	0.08
Others	1	0.03
Not Reported	-	-



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*


CLEMENTE S. MANAOG
 Chief Statistical Specialist
 PSA Building
 #774 Panganiban Drive, Naga City
 Telephone No. (054) 871-5872