

SPECIAL RELEASE

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS IN BULA (Results of the 2015 Census of Population)

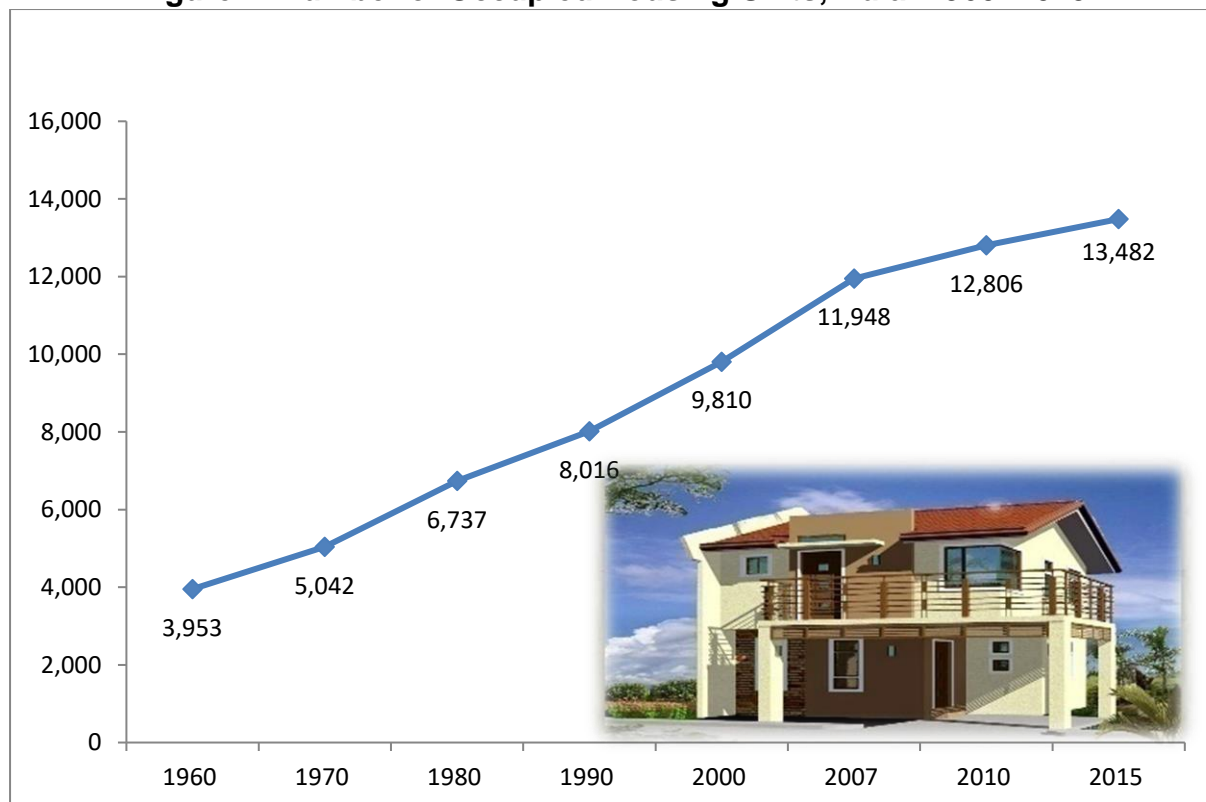
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Occupied housing units in Bula reaches 13,482 in 2015

The number of occupied housing units in Bula reached 13,482 in 2015, higher by 676 housing units compared with that in 2010. In 1960, there were only 3,953 housing units recorded. The number of housing units went up to 5,042 in 1970, 6,737 in 1980, 8,016 in 1990, 9,810 in 2000, 11,948 in 2007, 12,806 in 2010, and 13,482 in 2015. The number of housing units in Bula increased by 9,529 from 1960 to 2015.

Figure 1. Number of Occupied Housing Units, Bula: 1960- 2015



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

There are 101 households per 100 occupied housing units in Bula

A total of 13,482 occupied housing units and 13,589 households were recorded in 2015. These translate to a ratio of 101 households for every 100 occupied housing units, with an average of 5.15 persons per occupied housing unit. In 2010, there were 100 households per 100 occupied housing units and an average of 5.30 persons per occupied housing unit. While in 2000, there were 103 households per 100 occupied housing units and 5.86 persons per housing unit.

Table 1. Number of Occupied Housing Units, Number of Households, Household Population, and Ratio of Households and Household Population to Occupied Housing Units, Bula: 2000- 2015

Censal Year	Occupied Housing Units	Number of Households	Household Population	Ratio of Households to Occupied Housing Units	Ratio of Households Population to Occupied Housing Units
2015	13,482	13,589	69,407	1.01	5.15
2010	12,806	12,855	68,008	1.00	5.30
2000	9,810	10,088	57,474	1.03	5.86

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Majority of the occupied housing units are single houses

In 2015, single houses made up 97.40 percent of the total occupied housing units in Bula. About 1.68 percent of the total occupied housing units were of duplex type while 0.45 percent were multi- unit residential buildings/houses. In 2010, single houses accounted for 99.27 percent of the total occupied housing units, 0.25 percent were duplex, and 0.18 percent were multi- unit residential buildings/houses.



Single House



Duplex House



Multi-unit Residential



Commercial/ Industrial/
Agricultural

Table 2. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Type of Building/House, Bula: 2010-2015





Type of Building/ House	Censal Year	
	2010	2015
Total	12,806	13,482
Single house	12,712	13,131
Duplex	32	226
Multi-unit residential	23	60
Commercial/industrial/agricultural	34	44
Institutional living quarter	1	1
Others	-	1
Not Reported	4	19

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

More occupied housing units with outer walls made of strong materials in 2015

There were more occupied housing units with outer walls made of concrete/brick/stone in 2015 than in 2010. In 2015, 36.14 percent of the total occupied housing units had outer walls made of concrete/brick/stone. This was higher than the proportion of occupied housing units with outer walls made of concrete/brick/stone recorded in 2010 (33.43%). Similarly, the proportion of occupied housing units with outer walls made of half concrete/brick/stone and half wood increased from 11.34 percent in 2010 to 12.33 percent in 2015. The proportion of occupied housing units with outer walls made of wood, on the other hand, decreased from 10.59 percent in 2010 to 8.49 percent in 2015.

Table 3. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Construction Materials of the Outer Wall, Bula: 2010-2015

	Construction Materials of the Outer Wall	Censal Year	
		2010	2015
	Total	12,806	13,482
	Concrete/brick/stone	4,281	4,873
	Wood	1,356	1,145
	Half concrete/brick/stone and half wood	1,452	1,662
	Galvanized iron/ aluminum	109	137
	Bamboo/sawali/cogon/nipa	5,381	5,541
	Asbestos	5	5
	Glass	-	-
	Makeshift/salvaged/improvised materials	93	45
	Trapal	-	21
	Others	108	30
	No walls	9	1
	Not Reported	12	22

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Occupied housing units with roofs made of strong materials decrease in 2015

The proportion of occupied housing units with roofs made of galvanized iron/aluminum decreased in 2015. More than 42.76 percent of the occupied housing units in 2015 had roofs made of galvanized iron/aluminum, which is lower than the proportion of 48.95 percent recorded in 2010. The proportion of occupied housing units with roofs made of bamboo/cogon/nipa/anahaw, increased from 45.13 percent in 2010 to 47.09 percent in 2015.



Table 4. Number of Occupied Housing Units by Construction Materials of the Roof, Bula: 2010-2015

Construction Materials of the Roof	Censal Year	
	2010	2015
Total	12,806	13,482
Galvanized iron/aluminum	6,268	5,765
Tile/concrete/clay tile	246	413
Half galvanized iron and half concrete	320	919
Wood	81	-
Bamboo/cogon/ nipa/anahaw	5,779	6,348
Asbestos	7	4
Makeshift/ salvaged/ improvised materials	23	9
Trapal	-	9
Others	82	13
Not Reported	-	2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Most households live in housing units they owned or with owner-like possession of house and lot

Of the 13,589 households in Bula in 2015, 59.76 percent lived in a housing unit they owned or with owner-like possession of house and lot. Moreover, 31.07 percent of the households lived in their own housing unit and occupied lot for free but with consent of the owner. In addition, 6.41 percent of the total households lived in rent-free house and lot with consent of owner.

Table 5. Number of Households by Tenure Status of the Housing Unit, Bula: 2015

Tenure Status of the Housing Unit	Number of Households	%
Total	13,589	100.00
Own or owner like possession of house and lot	8,121	59.76
Rent house/room including lot	82	0.60
Own house rent lot	138	1.02
Own house rent-free lot with consent of owner	4,222	31.07
Own house rent-free lot without consent of owner	136	1.00
Rent-free house and lot with consent of owner	871	6.41
Rent-free house and lot without consent of owner	19	0.14
Not Applicable	-	-
Not Reported	-	-

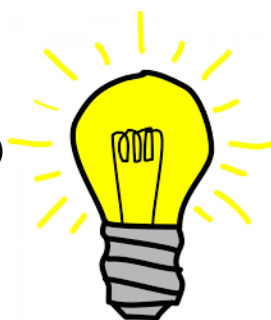
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Most of the households in Bula use electricity as fuel for lighting

Majority (88.51%) of the households in Bula in 2015 used electricity as fuel for lighting, while kerosene (gaas) ranked second with 1,486 households using kerosene (gaas) as their source of fuel for lighting in 2015. Meanwhile, 0.56 percent of the total households in Bula used either LPG, oil, solar panel, solar lamp or other source as their fuel for lighting.

Table 6. Number of Households by Kind of Fuel for Lighting, Bula: 2015

Kind of Fuel for Lighting	Number of Households	%
Total	13,589	100.00
Electricity	12,027	88.51
Kerosene (Gaas)	1,486	10.94
Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG)	8	0.06
Oil (vegetable animal and others)	1	0.01
Solar panel	20	0.15
Solar lamp	31	0.23
Others	15	0.11
None	1	0.01
Not Reported	-	-



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

Shared tubed/piped deep well is the main source of water supply for drinking in Bula

Shared tubed/piped deep well was listed as the main source of water supply for drinking in Bula in 2015. Of the 13,589 households, 4,562 households drew water supply for drinking from shared tubed/piped deep well while about 3,760 households drew water supply for drinking from own use tubed/piped deep well. Own use faucet community water system was listed as the third main source of water supply for drinking for 2,252 households.

Table 7. Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Drinking, Bula: 2015

Main Source of Water Supply for Drinking	Number of Households	%
Total	13,589	100.00
Own use faucet community water system	2,252	16.57
Shared faucet community water system	1,048	7.71
Own use tubed/piped deep well	3,760	27.67
Shared tubed/piped deep well	4,562	33.57
Tubed/piped shallow well	138	1.02
Dug well	290	2.13
Protected spring	945	6.95
Unprotected spring	39	0.29
Lake, river, rain and others	5	0.04
Peddler	49	0.36
Bottled water	451	3.32
Others	50	0.37
Not Reported	-	-



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*

4,571 households in Bula reported shared tubed/piped deep well as the main source of water supply for cooking

Shared tubed/piped deep well was reported as the main source of water supply for cooking in Bula in 2015. Around 4,571 households used their shared tubed/piped deep well as the main source of water supply for cooking. Own use tubed/piped deep well ranked second as the main source of water supply for cooking while own use faucet community water system ranked third.

Table 8. Number of Households by Main Source of Water Supply for Cooking, Bula: 2015

Main Source of Water Supply for Cooking	Number of Households	%
Total	13,589	100.00
Own use faucet community water system	2,510	18.47
Shared faucet community water system	981	7.22
Own use tubed/piped deep well	4,023	29.60
Shared tubed/piped deep well	4,571	33.64
Tubed/piped shallow well	161	1.18
Dug well	312	2.30
Protected spring	929	6.84
Unprotected spring	37	0.27
Lake river rain and others	4	0.03
Peddler	6	0.04
Bottled water	37	0.27
Others	18	0.13
Not Reported	-	-



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Population and Housing*


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